Manifesto Project Dataset: South America

Codebook

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 $Website: \ https://manifesto-project.wzb.eu/$

1 Introduction & Citation

The Manifesto Project Dataset: South America is created by the project Manifesto Research on Political Representation (MARPOR) funded by the German Research Foundation (DFG) and located at the WZB Berlin Social Science Center. This dataset builds on the main Manifesto Project Dataset and is created using the same methodology. In contrast to the Manifesto Project Dataset it covers not only parliamentary elections but also presidential elections in the region of South America.

Please check our website for the newest version and more precise information about the coding procedure (coding instructions):

https://manifesto-project.wzb.eu/

When using the Manifesto Project Dataset: South America, please cite:

Lehmann, Pola / Matthieß, Theres / Merz, Nicolas / Regel, Sven with Werner, Annika (2016): The Manifesto Data Collection: South America. Manifesto Project (MARPOR). Version 2016b. Berlin: Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin für Sozialforschung (WZB).

When citing this document, refer to:

Lehmann, Pola / Matthieß, Theres / Merz, Nicolas / Regel, Sven with Werner, Annika (2016): The Manifesto Data Collection: South America - Codebook. Manifesto Project (MARPOR). Version 2016b. Berlin: Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin für Sozialforschung (WZB).

2 Overview & Coverage

Units Parties / presidential candidates at national elections

Countries 4

South American countries, more countries will be added with following $\,$.

updates

Time 1989-2013

Parties 32

relevant parties and presidential alliances - these are parties that gained at least two seats in parliament or alliances backing presidential candidates that gained 5 or more % in the first round of the presidential election. See also the list of political parties for South America on our

website.

Elections 15

parliamentary lower house elections and presidential elections. For Argentina, the dataset covers parliamentary and presidential elections (plus the parliamentary mid-term elections in 2009 and 2013). For Bolivia, it covers parliamentary and presidential elections. For Brazil, it covers presidential elections only. For Chile, the dataset covers presidential elections only.

idential elections and concurrent parliamentary elections.

Programs 53

election programs and substitute documents/functional equivalents.

See also the list of coded documents on our website.

Data Sources Publicly available election statistics and content analysed election pro-

grams (substitute documents)

3 Variables

3.1 Identification Variables

country	150	Argentin	a	
	151	Bolivia		
	155	Chile		
	180	Brazil		
countryname	Name of country in English (string variable)			
oecdmember	0	no OECD member at the time of election		
	10	OECD m	nember at the time of election	
edate	Day, month, and year of national election			
date	Year and month of national election in the format YYYYMM. Eg. 201102 indicates an election in February 2011.			
party	The party identification code consists of six digits. The first three digits repeat the country code. The last three digits are running numbers.			
partyname	Names of parties in English (string variable).			
partyabbrev	Original language party abbreviations			
parfam	Tentative grouping of political parties and alliances into the following party families. The variable is constant over time and does not account for possible changes of party family:			
	10	ECO	Ecological parties	
	20	COM	Socialist parties	
	30	SOC	Social democratic parties	
	40	LIB	Liberal parties	
	50	CHR	Christian democratic parties	
	60	CON	Conservative parties	
	70	NAT	Nationalist parties	
	80	AGR	Agrarian parties	
	90	ETH	Ethnic and regional parties	
	95	SIP	Special issue parties	
	98/00	DIV	Electoral alliances of diverse origin without dominant party	
	999	MI	missing information	
candidatename	Name of presidential candidate (string variable)			

with a presidential election)

not applicable (for parliamentary election that did not coincide

3.2 Coding and data quality variables

coderid

Identification number of coder, three digit code:

First digit:

200- hired coder

799

998 not applicable

999 missing information

manual

The Coding Instructions and the Category Scheme were adapted several times. For the Manifesto Data Collection: South American only version 5 of the Coding Instructions was used.

5 manual version 5 998 not applicable

999 no information whether a handbook was used or not

coderyear

Year during which codings took place

. missing information / not applicable (e.g. for progtype = 3 or progtype = 99)

testresult

Result of entry test as given in the Coding Instructions: test of reliability in comparison to the master copy, Krippendorff's Alpha for ordinal data:

-1.00 very bad +1.00 very good

not applicable (e.g. progtype = 3 / missing information)

testeditsim

Test of data reliability: Edit similarity measures the similarity of the code sequence in a coder's entry test (as given in coding handbook) to the master copy using the relative Levenshtein distance, and substracting it from 1 (maximum distance).

0.0 Maximum dissimilarity

+1.00 Perfect agreement

Not applicable (e.g. progtype = 3 or progtype = 99)

Missing for manual version 1 to 3 and early project phase / members of the Manifesto Research Group (MRG).

3.3 Electoral data variables

pervote

Percentage of votes gained by each party. In case of mixed electoral systems with a proportional and majoritarian component, pervote indicates the vote share in the proportional component. In case of an electoral coalition where programs for all members of the coalition and the coalition were coded, pervote for the coalition program is set to zero so that the sum of pervotes is not higher than 100%.

. missing information

voteest

0 original figure from data source/election statistics

Indicates that the vote share indicated by pervote is taken from election results and indicates the vote share the party (or party bloc) won at the election.

1 estimated

Indicates that the pervote variable is not simply derived by a calculation of gained votes divided by the total number of valid votes. Electoral alliances or an electoral system with regional lists can prohibit such a simple calculation. In these cases the pervote variable is often calculated based on the number of seats gained by a party.

presvote

Percentage of votes in presidential elections.

. missing information

Reported for all cases where a presidential election took place.

Absolute number of seats won by each party or party bloc.

. missing information

totseats

absseat

Total number of seats in parliament.

missing information

3.4 Programmatic data variables

progtype

1 Program of a single party

As a rule, each party issues one program for each election.

2 Program of two or more parties

In a number of countries, parties compete as programmatic coalitions by issuing joint programs. In these cases, the joint program was assigned to each of the party of the programmatic coalition.

3 Estimate

For calculating median voter or median party figures, missing election programs have been estimated on the basis of available programs whenever a party obtained seats in parliament. Estimates were derived either by computing averages between two adjacent programs or by duplicating programmatic data.

4 Program taken from main party of electoral coalition

Parties sometimes compete as electoral coalitions in which blocs of parties receive joint votes and seats, but parties in the bloc still issue separate programs. When the electoral coalition is dominated by one strong party, the program of the main coalition party was used to measure positions of the 'electoral coalition' as a whole.

5 Average of all members of an electoral coalition

When the electoral coalition consists of equally strong parties, the average of platforms from all coalition parties was used to measure positions of the electoral coalition as a whole.

6 General program

Some parties did not issue separate election programs but contested elections with their general programs.

8 Party bloc program

5

Some party blocs issue joint programs. As opposed to type 2 programs, electoral statistics are given for the party bloc as a whole, not for the single parties making up the bloc.

9 Other type of program

Other types of programs not specified by types 1 to 8.

99 Missing program

In cases where it was impossible to find a manifesto from the respective party or in cases where content-analytical data from this party is still missing, but will be added soon.

datasetorigin

Indicates with which update in which year the data was published. In case where the programmatic variables of an observation are updated or replaced (e.g. due to the replacement of a document), this variable is updated as well.

901 Update 2015a South America

corpusversion

Indicates the version of the Manifesto Corpus used to calculate the content analytical data in this observation.

Missing information

Missing for all observations where the content analytical data is not based on the Manifesto Corpus.

total

Total number of allocated codes

. Missing information

3.5 Content Analytical Data

The dataset contains one set of content analytical variables (per101-706). All of these variables indicate the share of quasi-sentences in the respective category calculated as a fraction of the overall number of allocated codes per document.

- The three digit variables (per101–per706): are the main categories of the coding scheme.
- The four digit variables with underscore (per103_1-703_2): are new categories introduced with version 5 of the coding instructions. The first three digits indicate the main category to which they are related. The new coding instructions foresee that these new categories are used instead of the respective main categories. The Manifest Project Dataset: South America only contains data coded on the basis of version 5. Therefore, we do not report the main categories in this dataset for the categories that have been replaced by the new categories. Instead we report the share for each of the new categories replacing the main category.

For more information on the different version of the coding instructions and coding schemes, please consult our website where one can find all versions of the coding instructions and a document that highlights the most important changes.

peruncod

Percentage of uncoded (quasi-)sentences

. missing data

Categories

Data Entries per101 - per706

Percentages of seventy-six categories grouped into seven major policy areas. Because of the different length of documents, the number of (quasi-)sentences in each category is standardised taking the total number of (quasi-) sentences in the respective documents as a base. In the data set each of these categories is a variable that represents the percentage.

. Missing information / not applicable (if no document was coded; progtype = 99)

Domain 1: External Relations

per101

Foreign Special Relationships: Positive

Favourable mentions of particular countries with which the manifesto country has a special relationship; the need for co-operation with and/or aid to such countries.

per102

Foreign Special Relationships: Negative

Negative mentions of particular countries with which the manifesto country has a special relationship.

per103_1

State Centred Anti-Imperialism

Negative references to imperial behaviour and/or negative references to one state exerting strong influence (political, military or commercial) over other states. May also include:

- Negative references to controlling other countries as if they were part of an empire;
- Favourable references to greater self-government and independence for colonies:
- Favourable mentions of de-colonisation.

$per103_2$

Foreign Financial Influence

Negative references and statements against international financial organisations or states using monetary means to assert strong influence over the manifesto country or other states. May include:

- Statements against the World Bank, IMF etc.;
- Statements against the Washington Consensus;
- Statements against foreign debt circumscribing state actions.

Military: Positive

The importance of external security and defence. May include statements concerning:

- The need to maintain or increase military expenditure;
- The need to secure adequate manpower in the military;
- The need to modernise armed forces and improve military strength;
- The need for rearmament and self-defence;
- The need to keep military treaty obligations.

per105

Military: Negative

Negative references to the military or use of military power to solve conflicts. References to the 'evils of war'. May include references to:

- Decreasing military expenditures;
- Disarmament;
- Reduced or abolished conscription.

per106

Peace

Any declaration of belief in peace and peaceful means of solving crises – absent reference to the military. May include:

- Peace as a general goal;
- Desirability of countries joining in negotiations with hostile countries;
- Ending wars in order to establish peace.

per107

Internationalism: Positive

Need for international co-operation, including co-operation with specific countries other than those coded in 101. May also include references to the:

- Need for aid to developing countries;
- Need for world planning of resources;
- Support for global governance;
- Need for international courts;
- Support for UN or other international organisations.

Latin America Integration: Positive

Favourable mentions of integration within Latin America, e.g CELAC, MERCOSUR, UNASUR. May include the:

- Desirability of the manifesto country joining (or remaining a member);
- Desirability of expanding or deepening the integration;

per109

Internationalism: Negative

Negative references to international co-operation. Favourable mentions of national independence and sovereignty with regard to the manifesto country's foreign policy, isolation and/or unilateralism as opposed to internationalism.

per110

Latin America Integration: Negative

Negative references to integration within Latin America, e.g CELAC, MERCOSUR, UNASUR. May include the:

- Opposition to the manifesto country joining (or remaining a member);
- Opposition to expanding or deepening the integration.

Domain 2: Freedom and Democracy

$per201_1$

Freedom

Favourable mentions of importance of personal freedom in the manifesto and other countries. May include mentions of:

- Freedom from state coercion in the political and economic spheres;
- Freedom from bureaucratic control;
- The idea of individualism

$per201_2$

Human Rights

Favourable mentions of importance of human and civil rights in the manifesto and other countries, including the right to freedom of speech, press, assembly etc.; supportive refugee policies.

$per202_1$

Democracy General: Positive

Favourable mentions of democracy as the "only game in town". General support for the manifesto country's democracy. May also include:

- Democracy as method or goal in national, international or other organisations (e.g. labour unions, political parties etc.);
- The need for the involvement of all citizens in political decision-making;
- Support for parts of democratic regimes (rule of law, division of powers, independence of courts etc.).

per202_2 Democracy General: Negative

Statements against the idea of democracy, in general or in the manifesto country. Calls for reducing or withholding democratic rights from all or certain groups of people. Calls for the introduction or maintaining of a non-democratic regime, e.g. monarchy or rule of the military.

per202_3 Representative Democracy: Positive

Favourable mentions of the system of representative democracy, in particular in contrast to direct democracy. This includes the protection of representative institutions and actors against direct democratic elements.

per202_4 Direct Democracy: Positive

Favourable mentions of the system of direct democracy, in particular in contrast to representative democracy. This includes the call for the introduction and/or extension of referenda, participatory budgets and other forms of direct democracy.

per203 Constitutionalism: Positive

Support for maintaining the status quo of the constitution. Support for specific aspects of the manifesto country's constitution. The use of constitutionalism as an argument for any policy.

per204 Constitutionalism: Negative

Opposition to the entirety or specific aspects of the manifesto country's constitution. Calls for constitutional amendments or changes. May include calls to abolish or rewrite the current constitution.

Domain 3: Political System

per301 Decentralization

Support for federalism or decentralisation of political and/or economic power. May include:

- Favourable mentions of the territorial subsidiary principle;
- More autonomy for any sub-national level in policy making and/or economics, including municipalities;
- Support for the continuation and importance of local and regional customs and symbols and/or deference to local expertise;
- Favourable mentions of special consideration for sub-national areas.

per302 Centralisation

General opposition to political decision-making at lower political levels. Support for unitary government and for more centralisation in political and administrative procedures.

Governmental and Administrative Efficiency

Need for efficiency and economy in government and administration and/or the general appeal to make the process of government and administration cheaper and more efficient. May include:

- Restructuring the civil service;
- Cutting down on the civil service;
- Improving bureaucratic procedures.

Note: Specific policy positions overrule this category! If there is no specific policy position, however, this category applies.

per304

Political Corruption

Need to eliminate political corruption and associated abuses of political and/or bureaucratic power. Need to abolish clientelist structures and practices.

$per305_1$

Political Authority: Party Competence

References to the manifesto party's competence to govern and/or other party's lack of such competence.

per305 2

Political Authority: Personal Competence

Reference to the presidential candidate's or party leader's personal competence to govern and/or other candidate's or leader's lack of such competence.

per305_3

Political Authority: Strong government

Favourable mentions of the desirability of a strong and/or stable government in general.

$per305_4$

Pre-Democratic Elites: Positive

Co-operation with pre-democratic authorities in the transition period; amnesty for former, non-Democratic elites; and 'let sleeping dogs lie' in dealing with the nomenclature of the former, non-Democratic regime.

$per305_5$

Pre-Democratic Elites: Negative

Against pre-democratic elite's involvement in democratic government; weeding out the collaborators of former, non-Democratic regime from governmental service; for truth commissions and other institutions illuminating recent history.

per305 6

Rehabilitation and Compensation

References to civic rehabilitation of politically persecuted people in the authoritarian era; references to juridical compensation concerning authoritarian expropriations; moral compensation.

Note: Specific policy positions overrule all subcategories of 305! If there is no specific policy position, however, these subcategories may apply.

Domain 4: Economy

per401

Free Market Economy

Favourable mentions of the free market and free market capitalism as an economic model. May include favourable references to:

- Laissez-faire economy;
- Superiority of individual enterprise over state and control systems;
- Private property rights;
- Personal enterprise and initiative;
- Need for unhampered individual enterprises.

per402

Incentives: Positive

Favourable mentions of supply side oriented economic policies (assistance to businesses rather than consumers). May include:

- Financial and other incentives such as subsidies, tax breaks etc.;
- Wage and tax policies to induce enterprise;
- Encouragement to start enterprises.

per403

Market Regulation

Support for policies designed to create a fair and open economic market. May include:

- Calls for increased consumer protection;
- Increasing economic competition by preventing monopolies and other actions disrupting the functioning of the market;
- Defence of small businesses against disruptive powers of big businesses;
- Social market economy.

per404

Economic Planning

Favourable mentions of long-standing economic planning by the government. May be:

- Policy plans, strategies, policy patterns etc.;
- Of a consultative or indicative nature.

per405

Corporatism/Mixed Economy

Favourable mentions of cooperation of government, employers, and trade unions simultaneously. The collaboration of employers and employee organisations in overall economic planning supervised by the state.

Protectionism: Positive

Favourable mentions of extending or maintaining the protection of internal markets (by the manifesto or other countries). Measures may include:

- Tariffs;
- Quota restrictions;
- Export subsidies.

per407

Protectionism: Negative

Support for the concept of free trade and open markets. Call for abolishing all means of market protection (in the manifesto or any other country).

per408

Economic Goals

Broad and general economic goals that are not mentioned in relation to any other category. General economic statements that fail to include any specific goal.

Note: Specific policy positions overrule this category! If there is no specific policy position, however, this category applies.

per409

Keynesian Demand Management

Favourable mentions of demand side oriented economic policies (assistance to consumers rather than businesses). Particularly includes increase private demand through

- Increasing public demand;
- Increasing social expenditures.

May also include:

- Stabilisation in the face of depression;
- Government stimulus plans in the face of economic crises.

per410

Economic Growth: Positive

The paradigm of economic growth. Includes:

- \bullet General need to encourage or facilitate greater production;
- Need for the government to take measures to aid economic growth.

Technology and Infrastructure: Positive

Importance of modernisation of industry and updated methods of transport and communication. May include:

- Importance of science and technological developments in industry;
- Need for training and research within the economy (This does not imply education in general (see category 506);
- Calls for public spending on infrastructure such as roads and bridges;
- Support for public spending on technological infrastructure (e.g.: broadband internet, etc.).

per412

Controlled Economy

Support for direct government control of economy. May include, for instance:

- Control over prices;
- Introduction of minimum wages.

per413

Nationalisation

Favourable mentions of government ownership of industries, either partial or complete; calls for keeping nationalised industries in state hand or nationalising currently private industries. May also include favourable mentions of government ownership of land.

per414

Economic Orthodoxy

Need for economically healthy government policy making. May include calls for:

- Reduction of budget deficits;
- Retrenchment in crisis;
- Thrift and savings in the face of economic hardship;
- Support for traditional economic institutions such as stock market and banking system;
- Support for strong currency.

per415

Marxist Analysis

Positive references to Marxist-Leninist ideology and specific use of Marxist-Leninist terminology by the manifesto party (typically but not necessary by communist parties).

$per416_1$

Anti-Growth Economy: Positive

Favourable mentions of anti-growth politics. Rejection of the idea that growth is good.

per416_2

Sustainability: Positive

Call for sustainable economic development. Opposition to growth that causes environmental or societal harm.

Domain 5: Welfare and Quality of Life

Environmental Protection

General policies in favour of protecting the environment, fighting climate change, and other "green" policies. For instance:

- General preservation of natural resources;
- Preservation of countryside, forests, etc.;
- Protection of national parks;
- Animal rights.

May include a great variance of policies that have the unified *goal* of environmental protection.

per502

Culture: Positive

Need for state funding of cultural and leisure facilities including arts and sport. May include:

- The need to fund museums, art galleries, libraries etc.;
- The need to encourage cultural mass media and worthwhile leisure activities, such as public sport clubs.

per503

Equality: Positive

Concept of social justice and the need for fair treatment of all people. This may include:

- Special protection for underprivileged social groups;
- Removal of class barriers;
- Need for fair distribution of resources;
- The end of discrimination (e.g. racial or sexual discrimination).

per504

Welfare State Expansion

Favourable mentions of need to introduce, maintain or expand any public social service or social security scheme. This includes, for example, government funding of:

- Health care
- Child care
- Elder care and pensions
- Social housing

Note: This category excludes education.

per505

Welfare State Limitation

Limiting state expenditures on social services or social security. Favourable mentions of the social subsidiary principle (i.e. private care before state care);

Education Expansion

Need to expand and/or improve educational provision at all levels.

Note: This excludes technical training which is coded under 411.

per507

Education Limitation

Limiting state expenditure on education. May include:

- The introduction or expansion of study fees at all educational levels
- Increasing the number of private schools.

Domain 6: Fabric of Society

$per601_1$

National Way of Life General: Positive

Favourable mentions of the manifesto country's nation, history, and general appeals. May include:

- Support for established national ideas;
- General appeals to pride of citizenship;
- Appeals to patriotism;
- Appeals to nationalism;
- Suspension of some freedoms in order to protect the state against subversion.

$per601_2$

National Way of Life: Immigration: Negative

Statement advocating the restriction of the process of immigration, i.e. accepting new immigrants. Might include statements regarding:

- Immigration being a threat to national character of the manifesto country;
- 'the boat is full' argument;
- The introduction of migration quotas, including restricting immigration from specific countries or regions etc.

Only concerned with the possibility of new immigrants. For negative statements regarding immigrants already in the manifesto country, please see 608_1.

$per602_1$

National Way of Life General: Negative

Unfavourable mentions of the manifesto country's nation and history. May include:

- Opposition to patriotism;
- Opposition to nationalism;
- Opposition to the existing national state, national pride, and national ideas.

16

$per602_2$

National Way of Life: Immigration: Positive

Statements favouring new immigrants; against restrictions and quotas; rejection of the 'boat is full' argument. Includes allowing new immigrants for the benefit of the manifesto country's economy. Only concerned with the possibility of new immigrants. For positive statements regarding immigrants already in the manifesto country, please see 607–1.

per603

Traditional Morality: Positive

Favourable mentions of traditional and/or religious moral values. May include:

- Prohibition, censorship and suppression of immorality and unseemly behaviour;
- Maintenance and stability of the traditional family as a value;
- Support for the role of religious institutions in state and society.

per604

Traditional Morality: Negative

Opposition to traditional and/or religious moral values. May include:

- Support for divorce, abortion etc.;
- General support for modern family composition;
- Calls for the separation of church and state.

per605_1

Law and Order: Positive

Favourable mentions of strict law enforcement, and tougher actions against domestic crime. Only refers to the enforcement of the status quo of the manifesto country's law code. May include:

- Increasing support and resources for the police;
- Tougher attitudes in courts;
- Importance of internal security.

$per605_2$

Law and Order: Negative

Favourable mentions of less law enforcement or rejection of plans for stronger law enforcement. Only refers to the enforcement of the status quo of the manifesto country's law code. May include:

- Less resources for police;
- Reducing penalties;
- Calls for abolishing the death penalty;
- Decriminalisation of drugs, prostitution etc.

per606_1 Civic Mindedness General: Positive

General appeals for national solidarity and the need for society to see itself as united. Calls for solidarity with and help for fellow people, familiar and unfamiliar. May include:

- Favourable mention of the civil society and volunteering;
- Decrying anti-social attitudes in times of crisis;
- Appeal for public spiritedness;
- Support for the public interest.

per606_2 Civic Mindedness: Bottom-Up Activism

Appeals to grassroots movements of social change; banding all sections of society together to overcome common adversity and hardship; appeals to the people as a united actor.

per607_1 Multiculturalism General: Positive

Favourable mentions of cultural diversity and cultural plurality within domestic societies. May include the preservation of autonomy of religious, linguistic heritages within the country including special educational provisions.

per607_2 Multiculturalism: Immigrants: Diversity

Statements favouring the idea that immigrants keep their cultural traits; voluntary integration; state providing opportunities to integrate. Only concerned with immigrants already in the manifesto country. For positive statements regarding the possibility of new immigrants, please see 602_2

per607_3 Multiculturalism: Indigenous rights: Positive

Calls for the protection of indigenous people, strengthening their rights, may include:

- Protection of their lands;
- Introduction of special provisions in the democratic or bureaucratic process;
- Compensation for past grief.

per608_1 Multiculturalism General: Negative

The enforcement or encouragement of cultural integration. Appeals for cultural homogeneity in society.

per608_2 Multiculturalism: Immigrants: Assimilation

Calls for immigrants that are in the country to adopt the manifesto country's culture and fully assimilate. Reinforce integration. Only concerned with immigrants already in the manifesto country. For negative statements regarding the possibility of new immigrants, please see 601-2

per608_3 Multiculturalism: Indigenous rights: Negative

Rejection of idea of special protection for indigenous people.

18

Domain 7: Social Groups

Note: Specific policy positions overrule this domain (except 703)! If there is no specific policy position, however, these categories apply.

per701

Labour Groups: Positive

Favourable references to all labour groups, the working class, and unemployed workers in general. Support for trade unions and calls for the good treatment of all employees, including:

- More jobs;
- Good working conditions;
- Fair wages;
- Pension provisions etc.

per702

Labour Groups: Negative

Negative references to labour groups and trade unions. May focus specifically on the danger of unions 'abusing power'.

$per703_1$

Agriculture and Farmers: Positive

Specific policies in favour of agriculture and farmers. Includes all types of agriculture and farming practises. Only statements that have agriculture as the key goal should be included in this category.

$per703_2$

Agriculture and Farmers: Negative

Rejection of policies favouring agriculture and farmers. May include:

- Cap or abolish subsidies;
- Reject special welfare provisions for farmers.

per704

Middle Class and Professional Groups

General favourable references to the middle class. Specifically, statements may include references to:

- Professional groups, (e.g.: doctors or lawyers);
- White collar groups, (e.g.: bankers or office employees),
- Service sector groups (e.g.: IT industry employees);
- Old and/or new middle class.

Note: This is not an economical category but refers to the social group(s).

per705

Underprivileged Minority Groups

Very general favourable references to underprivileged minorities who are defined neither in economic nor in demographic terms (e.g. the handicapped, homosexuals, immigrants, indigenous). Only includes favourable statements that cannot be classified in other categories (e.g. 503, 504, 604, 607 etc.)

Non-economic Demographic Groups

General favourable mentions of demographically defined special interest groups of all kinds. They may include:

- Women;
- University students;
- Old, young, or middle aged people.

Might include references to assistance to these groups, but only if these do not fall under other categories (e.g. 503 or 504).

3.6 Programmatic dimensions

rile	Right-left position of party as given in Michael Laver/Ian Budge (eds.): Party Policy and Government Coalitions, Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire: The MacMillan Press 1992. The procedure is slightly adjusted to version 5 of the coding instructions.
	(per104 + per201_1 + per201_2 + per203 + per305_1 + per305_2 + per305_3 + per305_4 + per305_5 + per305_6 + per401 + per402 + per407 + per414 + per505 + per601_1 + per601_2 + per603 + per605_1 + per605_2 + per606_1 + per606_2) - (per103_1 + per103_2 + per105 + per106 + per107 + per202_1 + per202_3 + per202_4 + per403 + per404 + per406 + per412 + per413 + per504 + per506 + per701)
	missing information (eg. if progtype = 99)
planeco	per403 + per404 + per412
	. missing information / not applicable (eg. if progtype = 99)
markeco	per401 + per414
	missing information / not applicable (eg. if progtype = 99)
welfare	per503 + per504
	. missing information / not applicable (eg. if progtype = 99)
intpeace	per102 + per105 + per106
	. missing information / not applicable (eg. if progtype = 99)

3.7 Dataset version

datasetversion indicates the dataset version (a constant)